## 1 PLACE OF DEATH

## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS

CERTIFICATE OF DEATH

		· ·	DETITION TO B	LAIII
County	Registration Distric	791	File No	20001
or Village	-	ge District N.1003	Registered No	E 00 /
FULL NAME Julda &	ophia E	icksen	( ward)	Ili death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.]
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS		2 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH		
SEE 4 COLOR OR HACE MARRIED WIDOWE OF DIVO		16 DATE OF DEATH	Month)	28 1916 (Day) (Year)
DATE OF BIRTH Aug 2	Ind 1915	May 29 11	or Ma	' * ~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
AGE VIE MOS (	If LESS than 1 day,hrs. ormin.?	and that death occurred,	on the date stated	above, at 6 4 4 m
OCCUPATION (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	v	Current	was as follows:	
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	n 80	difficult "	·	
BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country) If Louis M6	- -		uration)	ds,
10 NAME OF LES ENORS	au	CONTRIBUTORY(Secondary)	ation),yrs	mosds.
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	reder	(Signed) 1916	(Address) Y.2	8 Telus M. D.
12 MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER Same	ndstoin		ing Death, or, in deaths	from Violent Causes, stafe, Suicidal or Homicidal.
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	erden.	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE or Recent Residents) At place	E (For Hospitals, In In the	stitutions, Transients,
THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KI	NOWLEDGE	of deathyrsmos  Where was disease contr if not at place of death?	ds. State acted	.yrsds.
(Informant)	kuon I+	Former or usual residence		
(Address) L/5 Jour.	on.	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR RI	1 · 201	ATE OF BURIAL
ruid 29 1915 Max 6 S	Yaskloff )	PRINTOPATAKER	A	OBESS Of St

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement: it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman." "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6'yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever. write None.

Statement of cause of death.—Name, first, the disease causing death (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerèbrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritonaeum, 'etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ...... (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough: Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions." "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy." "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal septichaemia." "Puerperal peritonitis," etc." State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUI-CIDAL, OR HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by railway train—accident; Revolver , wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acidprobably suicide: The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis. tetanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

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